

2 Creating a CSR

This is a series of articles dedicated to demonstrating how to get acquainted with [Openprovider SSL API methods](#). If you want to go the beginning of this guide, please navigate to the article "[1 Choosing a product](#)".

To get more information about our API in general, please [use our documentation portal](#) as your reference.

Using the previous method "[1 Choosing a product](#)" we retrieved all appropriate "RapidSSL" product parameters.

"[CSR](#)" means "Certificate Signing Request" - it is a mandatory attribute of any [SSL Certificate](#) and it stores information about certificate requestor, protected domain(s), organization, department, etc. [CSR](#) looks like a sequence of encoded symbols and included when SSL orders are submitted to the [CA](#).

The [Openprovider API](#) allows you to create a unique [CSR](#) which can be used for ordering an SSL certificate.

Important: once you have got the response you should store the returned value of the [Private key](#). It will be required to set up the issued certificate on the server.

⬇ Use endpoint path below. Base URL is determined by both the target environment and API version.

POST [{base_url}](#)/ssl/csr

REQUEST VALUES

Name	Type	Values	Description
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bits	integer	2048 or 4096	Current browsers should all support certs up to 4096. Advisories recommend 2048 for now. Security experts are projecting that 2048 bits will be sufficient for commercial use until around the year 2030. Mandatory parameter.
common_name	string	Value of domain name	The domain name you going to protect. Mandatory parameter.
country	string	two letters	Company country code. Check available codes. Mandatory parameter.
email	string	Email address value	Requester email address (e.g. director@comany.com). Mandatory parameter.
locality	string	Text address data	Company location, e.g. street name and number.
organization	string	Text organization name	Organization name, use legal entity.
signature_hash_alogirth	string	sha1 (deprecated) or sha2 (default)	The redundant field can be used as ' sha2 '.
state	string	Text data	Used for locations with the state, but can be used as a city also.
subjectAlternativeName	string	Text data	Additional domains in the case of Multi-domain.
unit	string	Text data	Organization unit, if empty could be left blank or 'IT' used.
with_config	boolean	true or false	Config file for OpenSSL command dumped out when subjectAlternativeName domains are included. Mandatory parameter.

REQUEST EXAMPLE

```
curl -X POST \
  https://api.openprovider.eu/v1beta/ssl/csr \
  -H 'Authorization: Bearer 6bd4341f86e18e1b725b0ad2d72cce8d' \
  -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
  -d '{
    "bits": 2048,
    "common_name": "ssl-123-domain.com",
    "country": "NL",
    "email": "admin@ssl-123-domain.com",
    "locality": "Haalem",
    "organization": "Openprovider B.V.",
    "signature_hash_algorithm": "sha2",
    "state": "Noord-Holland",
    "subject_alternative_name": [
      "www.ssl-123-domain.com"
    ],
    "unit": "IT",
    "with_config": false
  }'
```

RESPONSE EXAMPLE

```
{
  "data": {
    "command": "openssl req -new -sha256
-newkey rsa:2048 -nodes -config alt.names.cfg
-out your.csr -keyout your.private.key
-subj
\"/C=NL/ST=Noord-Holland/L=Haalem/O=Openprovider
B.V./OU=IT/CN=ssl-123-domain.com/emailAddress=admin@ssl-123-domain.com\"",
    "key": "-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----\nMIIIEvgIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAASCBKgw
gSkAgEAAoIBAQDNUhGr0aSbrb42\nC1bfvYzfbnDCR0PCYIqXsplAe4yx4EPTVa37ureKxZUMP
hfVbsZRpPG9zxwSlpy\nvMsF/mU47t4pCCCoG0pTkAk3wVHGsyWUFRj30PBBqrMAspkUkhjaF6
NkbcykS8mE\nkIHdam7a7Rx3lFwinauF4VmDKVERm+MtoaSiUKVAHEdivaXV2YZAc5i3cuu2b
gW\nkTFQfZ+JUJXAwwzqFud8Hf9GzbEK75q7t2x06tNedaV7MaI2khcEs+7helaP8rWxE\nnuEBA
6UI+/QD/1HcN2yF+lQV0hzL1s1wIigFf/CIB9dLpVb4C80tlwcDbZK8o+sx0\na0v5if6JAgMB
AAECggEBAJCTraXTZZnJ6hqC0Xwr0TtLxVLIY8pHuM/BD3D8jsHi\nnLWBvAKg1fnDVHMD68EV
2T2fGQgNqAsLKE2K61s5G4XPjdH0xNAbB2d4EUWVd0P2\nnWbD6ei5mjgdvb8SZ/nkhtyY7Zu6c
8nDuf0Q/7XJAM/cs59K8QXS0me0YFbPqMA+4\nn9n1jD6XvoXDJKKaJu2kBJJWo4YBUposUoe5
oLN6BhwbFJpMLHfiGYIf8xfWZCYyE\nnweRBBSi/vcQbpXxzve6jz4IT1Ag1TkjovrnGKZwZea
DGXjqWQEFAFcxpvHtZ9WXW\nno+ffHrEi1BbDKlzpJMKDzxvvrwFU9gCgc7nue2gsgHECgYEA6
WTmTv+gJS2gRfT\nvnsD/sYTqGm3x+ziScLP18P6c/BNNNonKE87vcKDImKlomqQr16RV8HPKRKj
T74cWkh\nnaxKZJWt6q92EmL1SSeRJjUXfVrVNC0uSmMwtgPHl4I0FojftGaz8AA9LQqBwj1zC\nnbI+Jde9kmtssrJG5rS8/qnovV6sCgYEA4TUTCzTbBM6uJvfLJ2Tn+zkpWLQ7q8X0\nn9LmnpL
BPI08Fzo6gwrLDQ8i7j3Bj5hzNgzvs8v13zd9og3RwvyaAeMDkTZESa0n\nnqB7yQ50va/rw3Nl
ERWVhEodp+X7kMYcCt0KTI41Y0URqpXiKhZkwhokqQGMHUPSM\nnKhegbZhtvpsCgYEA5MzUdod
kgG3tUhgu9baEzYApa44tZXtAW16YinIzdlC109aS\nnnJUzlbzUTuVgMxM7JXyWRJ2utC8SMWP
lrejKl30ZvJhpn66hV+zjKqpgesk7xxZD\nnWTUDJdoggy05CU9W5lYZdqYynGZaet+chx4nlp
```

RESPONSE VALUES

Name	Values	Description
code	Result code number.	API Result with code returned . 0 = Success with no errors.
1. data	set of values	Lists CSR Generator command response data.
1.1 command	string	OpenSSL command used to generate CSR .
1.2 csr	string	CSR Code output.
1.3 key	string	The individual private key for new CSR generated below.

desc	string	The description.
maintenance	boolean	Indicates if Openprovider is under maintenance mode.
2. warnings	array	An array of warning messages
2.1 code	integer	Code (digits).
2.2 data	string	Data returned.
2.3 desc	string	Description returned.

After we successfully created CSR code we could submit SSL order requests.
Please note you could also transcript CSR before creating SSL order - especially if you had CSR generated on non-Openprovider sources.
That is not mandatory, but if you want please refer to [CSR decode method](#).
Let us retrieve list of the available approvers email list in next method
["3 Retrieving list of an approver emails"](#).